

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
United States Patent and Trademark
Office
Box PCT
Washington, D.C.20231
ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE

in its capacity as elected Office

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 02 August 2000 (02.08.00)	
International application No. PCT/AU99/01076	Applicant's or agent's file reference 438805C
International filing date (day/month/year) 03 December 1999 (03.12.99)	Priority date (day/month/year) 04 December 1998 (04.12.98)
Applicant COLLINS, Lyal, Sidney	

1. The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:

☒ in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:

03 July 2000 (03.07.00)

☐ in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:2. The election ☒ was☐ was not

made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

The International Bureau of WIPO
34, chemin des Colombettes
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

Authorized officer

F. Baechler

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

PCT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF THE RECORDING
OF A CHANGE(PCT Rule 92bis.1 and
Administrative Instructions, Section 422)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

SPRUSON & FERGUSON
G.P.O. Box 3898
Sydney, NSW 2001
AUSTRALIE

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 27 September 2000 (27.09.00)	IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION
Applicant's or agent's file reference 438805C	
International application No. PCT/AU99/01076	International filing date (day/month/year) 03 December 1999 (03.12.99)

1. The following indications appeared on record concerning:

☒ the applicant

 ☐ the inventor

 ☐ the agent

 ☐ the common representative

Name and Address

 VIRTUAL BUSINESS ASSOCIATED PTY.
LTD.
27 Werona Avenue
Killara, NSW 2046
Australia

State of Nationality

AU

State of Residence

AU

Telephone No.

Facsimile No.

Teleprinter No.

2. The International Bureau hereby notifies the applicant that the following change has been recorded concerning:

☒ the person

 ☒ the name

 ☒ the address

 ☐ the nationality

 ☐ the residence

Name and Address

 COLLINS, Lyl, Sidney
1/37 Walton Crescent
Abbotsford, NSW 2046
Australia

State of Nationality

AU

State of Residence

AU

Telephone No.

Facsimile No.

Teleprinter No.

3. Further observations, if necessary:

The applicant in box (1) is no longer of record and the applicant/inventor in box (2) is now applicant/inventor for all designated States.

4. A copy of this notification has been sent to:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the receiving Office	<input type="checkbox"/> the designated Offices concerned
<input type="checkbox"/> the International Searching Authority	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the elected Offices concerned
<input type="checkbox"/> the International Preliminary Examining Authority	<input type="checkbox"/> other:

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	Authorized officer Ellen Moyse Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38
---	---

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

NOTIFICATION OF THE RECORDING
OF A CHANGE(PCT Rule 92bis.1 and
Administrative Instructions, Section 422)

To:

SPRUSON & FERGUSON
G.P.O. Box 3898
Sydney, NSW 2001
AUSTRALIE

Date of mailing (day/month/year)

27 September 2000 (27.09.00)

Applicant's or agent's file reference

438805C

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

International application No.

PCT/AU99/01076

International filing date (day/month/year)

03 December 1999 (03.12.99)

1. The following indications appeared on record concerning:



the applicant



the inventor



the agent



the common representative

Name and Address

VIRTUAL BUSINESS ASSOCIATED PTY.
LTD.
27 Werona Avenue
Killara, NSW 2046
Australia

State of Nationality

AU

State of Residence

AU

Telephone No.

Facsimile No.

Teleprinter No.

2. The International Bureau hereby notifies the applicant that the following change has been recorded concerning:



the person



the name



the address



the nationality



the residence

Name and Address

COLLINS, Lyal, Sidney
1/37 Walton Crescent
Abbotsford, NSW 2046
Australia

State of Nationality

AU

State of Residence

AU

Telephone No.

Facsimile No.

Teleprinter No.

3. Further observations, if necessary:

The applicant in box (1) is no longer of record and the applicant/inventor in box (2) is now applicant/inventor for all designated States.

4. A copy of this notification has been sent to:



the receiving Office



the International Searching Authority



the International Preliminary Examining Authority



the designated Offices concerned



the elected Offices concerned



other:

The International Bureau of WIPO
34, chemin des Colombettes
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

Authorized officer

Ellen Moyse

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

The demand must be filed directly with the competent International Preliminary Examining Authority or, if two or more Authorities are competent, with the one chosen by the applicant. The full name or two-letter code of that Authority may be indicated by the applicant on the line below:

IPEA/ _____

PCT

CHAPTER II

DEMAND

under Article 31 of the Patent Cooperation Treaty:
the undersigned requests that the international application specified below be the subject of international preliminary examination according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

For International Preliminary Examining Authority use only

Identification of IPEA		Date of receipt of DEMAND
Box No. I IDENTIFICATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION		Applicant's or agent's file reference 438805C
International application No. PCT/AU99/01076	International filing date (day/month/year) 3 December 1999 (03/12/99)	(Earliest) Priority date (day/month/year) 4 December 1998 (04/12/98)
Title of invention MESSAGE IDENTIFICATION WITH CONFIDENTIALITY, INTEGRITY, AND SOURCE AUTHENTICATION		
Box No. II APPLICANT(S)		
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.) Virtual Business Associates Pty Ltd 27 Werona Avenue Killara, New South Wales 2046 Australia		Telephone No.: Facsimile No. : Teleprinter No. :
State (i.e. country) of nationality: Australia	State (i.e. country) of residence Australia	
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country) COLLINS, Lyal Sidney 1/37 Walton Crescent Abbotsford, New South Wales 2046 Australia		
State (i.e. country) of nationality: Australia	State (i.e. country) of residence: Australia	
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country)		
State (i.e. country) of nationality:	State (i.e. country) of residence:	

☐ Further applicants are indicated on a continuation sheet.

Form PCT/IPEA/401 (first sheet)(January 1994)

See Notes to the demand form

EXPRESS MAIL LABEL
NO.: EL 728212993 US

The following person is ☒ agent ☐ common representative
and ☒ has been appointed earlier and represents the applicant(s) also for international preliminary examination.
☐ is hereby appointed and any earlier appointment of (an) agent(s)/common representative is hereby revoked.
☐ is hereby appointed, specifically for the procedure before the International Preliminary Examining Authority, in addition to the agent(s)/common representative appointed earlier.

Telephone No. :
(02) 9207 0777

Facsimile No. :
(02) 9232 8555

Teleprinter No. :
AA 23165

Box No. IV STATEMENT CONCERNING AMENDMENTS

(i) ☒ to start the international preliminary examination on the basis of the international application as originally filed.

(ii) ☐ to take into account the amendments under Article 34 of

☐ the description (amendments attached).

☐ the claims (amendments attached).

☐ the drawings (amendments attached).

(iii) ☐ to take into account any amendments of the claims under Article 19 filed with the International Bureau (a copy is attached).

(iv) ☐ to disregard any amendments of the claims made under Article 19 and to consider them as reversed.

(v) ☐ to postpone the start of the international preliminary examination until the expiration of 20 months from the priority date unless that Authority receives a copy of any amendments made under Article 19 or a notice from the applicant that he does not wish to make such amendments (Rule 69.1(d)). *(This check -box may be marked only where the time limit under Article 19 has not yet expired.)*

* Where no check-box is marked, international preliminary examination will start on the basis of the international application as originally filed or, where a copy of amendments to the claims under Article 19 and/or amendments of the international application under Article 34 are received by the International Preliminary Examining Authority before it has begun to draw up a written opinion or the international preliminary examination report, as so amended.

☒ The applicant hereby elects all eligible States (*that is, all States which have been designated and which are bound by Chapter II of the PCT*) except

(If the applicant does not wish to elect certain eligible States, the name(s) or country codes(s) of those States must be indicated above)

Box No. VI CHECK LIST

The demand is accompanied by the following documents for the purposes of international preliminary examination:

- | | | | |
|----|---|---|----------|
| 1. | amendments under Article 34 | : | 0 sheets |
| | Description | : | 0 sheets |
| | Claims | : | 0 sheets |
| | Drawings | : | 0 sheets |
| 2. | letter accompanying amendments under Article 34 | : | 0 sheets |
| 3. | copy of amendments under Article 19 | : | 0 sheets |
| 4. | copy of statement under Article 19 | : | 0 sheets |
| 5. | other (<i>specify</i>) | : | 0 sheets |

For International Preliminary
Examining Authority use only

Received

not received

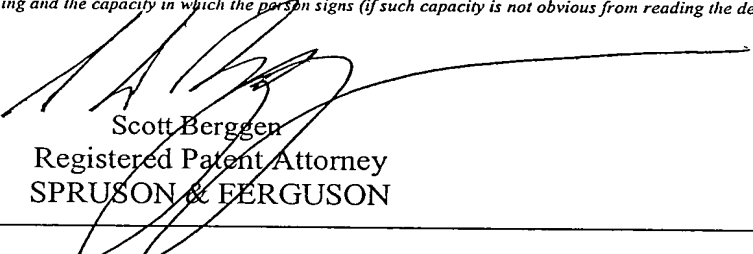
☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐

The demand is also accompanied by the item(s) marked below:

- | | | | |
|----|---|----|---|
| 1. | <input type="checkbox"/> separate signed power of attorney | 4. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fee calculation sheet |
| 2. | <input type="checkbox"/> copy of general power of attorney | 5. | <input type="checkbox"/> other (<i>specify</i>): |
| 3. | <input type="checkbox"/> statement explaining lack of signature | | |

Box No. VII SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE

Next to each signature, indicate the name of the person signing and the capacity in which the person signs (if such capacity is not obvious from reading the demand).


Scott Berggen
Registered Patent Attorney
SPRUSON & FERGUSON

For International Preliminary Examining Authority use only

1.	Date of actual receipt of DEMAND
2.	Adjusted date of receipt of demand due to CORRECTIONS under Rule 60.1(b):
3.	<input type="checkbox"/> The date of receipt of the demand is AFTER the expiration of 19 months from the priority date and item 4 and 5, below, does not apply. <input type="checkbox"/> The applicant has been informed accordingly.
4.	<input type="checkbox"/> The date of receipt of the demand is WITHIN the period of 19 months from the priority date as extended by virtue of Rule 80.5.
5.	<input type="checkbox"/> Although the date of receipt of the demand is after the expiration of 19 months from the priority date, the delay in arrival is EXCUSED pursuant to Rule 82.

For International Bureau use only

Demand received from IPEA on:

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 438805C	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416).
International application No. PCT/AU99/01076	International filing date (day/month/year) 03 December 1999	Priority Date (day/month/year) 04 December 1998
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC Int. Cl. ⁷ H04L 9/32		
Applicant 1. VIRTUAL BUSINESS ASSOCIATES PTY LTD		

- This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.
- This REPORT consists of a total of 3 sheets, including this cover sheet.
☐ This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).

These annexes consist of a total of sheet(s).

- This report contains indications relating to the following items:

- | | | |
|------|-------------------------------------|---|
| I | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Basis of the report |
| II | <input type="checkbox"/> | Priority |
| III | <input type="checkbox"/> | Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability |
| IV | <input type="checkbox"/> | Lack of unity of invention |
| V | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement |
| VI | <input type="checkbox"/> | Certain documents cited |
| VII | <input type="checkbox"/> | Certain defects in the international application |
| VIII | <input type="checkbox"/> | Certain observations on the international application |

Date of submission of the demand 03 July 2000	Date of completion of the report 11 July 2000
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/AU AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE PO BOX 200 WODEN ACT 2606 AUSTRALIA E-mail address: pct@ipaustalia.gov.au Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929	Authorized Officer MANISH RAJ Telephone No. (02) 6283 2175

I. Basis of the report

1. With regard to the elements of the international application:*
- ☒ the international application as originally filed.
- ☐ the description, pages , as originally filed,
 pages , filed with the demand,
 pages , received on with the letter of .
- ☐ the claims, pages , as originally filed,
 pages , as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19,
 pages , filed with the demand,
 pages , received on with the letter of .
- ☐ the drawings, pages , as originally filed,
 pages , filed with the demand,
 pages , received on with the letter of .
- ☐ the sequence listing part of the description:
 pages , as originally filed
 pages , filed with the demand
 pages , received on with the letter of .
2. With regard to the **language**, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language which is:
- ☐ the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
- ☐ the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
- ☐ the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3).
3. With regard to any **nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence** disclosed in the international application, was on the basis of the sequence listing:
- ☐ contained in the international application in written form.
- ☐ filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
- ☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.
- ☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.
- ☐ The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.
- ☐ The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished
4. ☐ The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:
- ☐ the description, pages
- ☐ the claims, Nos.
- ☐ the drawings, sheets/fig
5. ☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**

* Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).

** Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement**1. Statement**

Novelty (N)	Claims 1-13	YES
	Claims	NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims 1-13	YES
	Claims	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims 1-13	YES
	Claims	NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

1. Claims 1-13 are novel and involve inventive step because no individual citation or obvious combination of citations teach the combination of features claimed in the independent claims 1, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10 and 11.
2. Claims 1-13 have industrial applicability because the claimed invention can be made or used in the industry.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/AU 99/01076

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

Int Cl⁶: H04L 9/32

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
IPC: H04, G06

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)
WPAT: unique, secret, encrypt, authenticat., identity, verify, message, address, encode, decode.

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 5838812 A (PARE, Jr. et al), 17 November 1998 Whole document	1-13
A	US 5724423 A (KHELLO) 3 March 1998 Whole document	1-13
A	US 5175766 A (HAMILTON) 29 December 1992 Whole document	1-13

☒ Further documents are listed in the
continuation of Box C

☒ See patent family annex

<p>* Special categories of cited documents:</p> <p>"A" Document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p>		<p>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art</p> <p>"&" document member of the same patent family</p>
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Date of the actual completion of the international search
14 January 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report
20 JAN 2000

Name and mailing address of the ISA/AU
AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE
PO BOX 200, WODEN ACT 2606, AUSTRALIA
E-mail address: pct@ipaustalia.gov.au
Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929

Authorized officer
MANISH RAJ
Telephone No.: (02) 6283 2175

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/AU 99/01076

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 4896319 A (LIDINSKY), 23 January 1990 Whole document	1-13

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No.
PCT/AU 99/01076

This Annex lists the known "A" publication level patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The Australian Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Patent Document Cited in Search Report				Patent Family Member			
US	5838812	US	5615277	US	5613012	US	5764789
		US	5802199	US	5805719	US	5838812
		US	5870723	AU	59226/96	BR	9608580
		CA	2221321	CN	1191027	EP	912959
		WO	9636934	AU	48023/97	WO	9815924
		AU	65624/98	WO	9841947	AU	43295/97
		WO	9809227				
US	5724423	AU	70052/96	BR	9610652	CA	2230978
		CN	1201545	EP	852044	WO	9711443
US	4896319	AU	32338/89	CA	1314955	EP	335555
		HK	433/96	JP	2013036	US	4922486
		CA	1295391	US	4897874		
END OF ANNEX							

PCT

REQUEST

The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

For receiving Office use only

International Application No.

International Filing Date

Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"

Applicant's or agent's file reference
(if desired) (12 characters maximum)

438805C

Box No. I TITLE OF INVENTION

MESSAGE IDENTIFICATION WITH CONFIDENTIALITY, INTEGRITY, AND SOURCE AUTHENTICATION

Box No. II APPLICANT

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)

VIRTUAL BUSINESS ASSOCIATES PTY LTD
27 Werona Avenue
Killara, New South Wales 2046
AUSTRALIA

☐ This person is also inventor.

Telephone No.

Facsimile No.

Teleprinter No.

State (i.e. country) of nationality:

AUSTRALIA

State (i.e. country) of residence:

AUSTRALIA

This person is applicant
for the purposes of:all designated
Statesall designated States except the
United states of Americathe United states
of America onlythe States indicated in the
Supplemental Box**Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S)**

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)

COLLINS, Lylal Sidney
1/37 Walton Crescent
Abbotsford, New South Wales 2046
AUSTRALIA

This person is:



applicant only



applicant and inventor

inventor only (If this check-
box is marked, do not fill in
below.)

State (i.e. country) of nationality:

AUSTRALIA

State (i.e. country) of residence:

AUSTRALIA

This person is applicant
for the purposes of:all designated
Statesall designated States except
the United states of Americathe United states
of America onlythe States indicated in
the Supplemental Box☐ Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on a continuation sheet.**Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE**

The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as:

☒ agent☐ common representative

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country)

SPRUSON & FERGUSON
GPO BOX 3898
Sydney
New South Wales 2001
AUSTRALIA

Telephone No.
(02) 9207 0777Facsimile No.
(02) 9232 8555Teleprinter No.
AA 23165

☐ Mark this check-box where no agent or common representative is/has been appointed and the space above is used instead to indicate a special address to which correspondence should be sent.

Form PCT/RO/101 (first sheet) (January 1997; reprint January 1998)

See Notes to the request form

Box No. V DESIGNATION OF STATES

The following designations are hereby made under Rule 4.9(a) (mark the applicable check-boxes; at least one must be marked):

Regional Patent

- ☒ **AP** ARIPO Patent: GH Ghana, GM Gambia, KE Kenya, LS Lesotho, MW Malawi, SD Sudan, SZ Swaziland, UG Uganda, ZW Zimbabwe, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Harare Protocol and of the PCT
- ☒ **EA** Eurasian Patent: AM Armenia, AZ Azerbaijan, BY Belarus, KG Kyrgyzstan, KZ Kazakhstan, MD Republic of Moldova, RU Russian Federation, TJ Tajikistan, TM Turkmenistan, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Eurasian Patent Convention and of the PCT
- ☒ **EP** European Patent: AT Austria, BE Belgium, CH and LI Switzerland and Liechtenstein, DE Germany, DK Denmark, ES Spain, FI Finland, FR France, GB United Kingdom, GR Greece, IE Ireland, IT Italy, LU Luxembourg, MC Monaco, NL Netherlands, PT Portugal, SE Sweden, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT
- ☒ **OA** OAPI Patent: BF Burkina Faso, BJ Benin, CF Central African Republic, CG Congo, CI Côte d'Ivoire, CM Cameroon, GA Gabon, GN Guinea, ML Mali, MR Mauritania, NE Niger, SN Senegal, TD Chad, TG Togo, and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line)

National Patent (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line):

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AE United Arab Emirates | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LR Liberia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AL Albania | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LS Lesotho |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AM Armenia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LT Lithuania |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AT Austria | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LU Luxembourg |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AU Australia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LV Latvia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AZ Azerbaijan | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MD Republic of Moldova |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BA Bosnia and Herzegovina | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MG Madagascar |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BB Barbados | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MK The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BG Bulgaria | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BR Brazil | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MN Mongolia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BY Belarus | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MW Malawi |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CA Canada | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MX Mexico |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CH and LI Switzerland and Liechtenstein | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO Norway |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CN China | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NZ New Zealand |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CU Cuba | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PL Poland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CZ Czech Republic | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PT Portugal |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DE Germany | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RO Romania |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DK Denmark | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RU Russian Federation |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EE Estonia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SD Sudan |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ES Spain | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SE Sweden |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FI Finland | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SG Singapore |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GB United Kingdom | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SI Slovenia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GD Grenada | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SK Slovakia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GE Georgia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SL Sierra Leone |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GH Ghana | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TJ Tajikistan |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GM Gambia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TM Turkmenistan |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HR Croatia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TR Turkey |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HU Hungary | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TT Trinidad and Tobago |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ID Indonesia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UA Ukraine |
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Box No. VI PRIORITY CLAIMFurther priority claims are indicated in the Supplemental Box ☐

The priority of the following earlier application(s) is hereby claimed:

Country (in which, or for which, the application was filed)	Filing Date (day/month/year)	Application No.	Office of filing (only for regional or international application)
item (1) AUSTRALIA	4 December 1998	PP7523	
item (2)			
item (3)			

Mark the following check-box if the certified copy of the earlier application is to be issued by the Office which for the purposes of the present international application is the receiving Office (a fee may be required):

☒ The receiving Office is hereby requested to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau
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(1)

Box No. VII INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

Choice of International Searching Authority (ISA) (If two or more International Searching Authorities are competent to carry out the international search, indicate the Authority chosen; the two-letter code may be used): ISA/

Earlier search Fill in where a search (international, international-type or other) by the International Searching Authority has already been carried out or requested and the Authority is now requested to base the international search, to the extent possible, on the results of that earlier search. Identify such search or request either by reference to the relevant application (or the translation thereof) or by reference to the search request:

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Box No. VIII CHECK LIST

This international application contains the following number of sheets:

- | | | |
|----------------|---|-----------|
| 1. request | : | 3 sheets |
| 2. description | : | 23 sheets |
| 3. claims | : | 8 sheets |
| 4. abstract | : | 1 sheets |
| 5. drawings | : | 13 sheets |

Total : 48 sheets

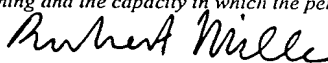
This international application is accompanied by the item(s) marked below:

- | | |
|---|--|
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| 2. <input type="checkbox"/> copy of general power of attorney | 6. <input type="checkbox"/> separate indications concerning deposited microorganisms |
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Figure No. of the drawings (if any) should accompany the abstract when it is published.

Box No. IX SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT OR AGENT

Next to each signature, indicate the name of the person signing and the capacity in which the person signs (if such capacity is not obvious from reading the request).



Robert Miller

Registered Patent Attorney
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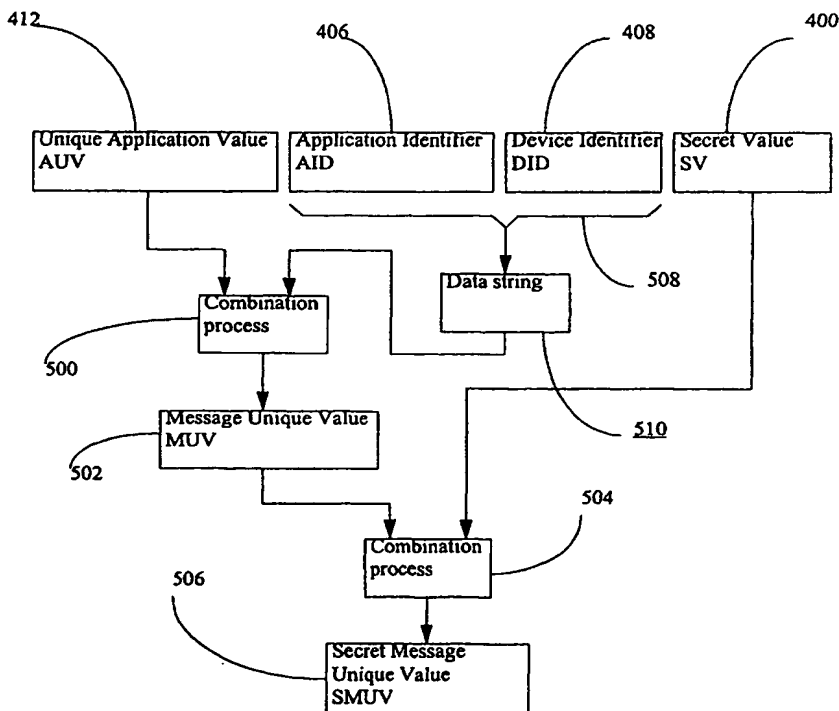
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(21) International Application Number: PCT/AU99/01076 (22) International Filing Date: 3 December 1999 (03.12.99) (30) Priority Data: PP 7523 4 December 1998 (04.12.98) AU (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): VIRTUAL BUSINESS ASSOCIATES PTY. LTD. [AU/AU]; 27 Werona Avenue, Killara, NSW 2046 (AU). (72) Inventor; and (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): COLLINS, Lyal, Sidney [AU/AU]; 1/37 Walton Crescent, Abbotsford, NSW 2046 (AU). (74) Agent: SPRUSON & FERGUSON; G.P.O. Box 3898, Sydney, NSW 2001 (AU).		(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published With international search report.	

(54) Title: MESSAGE IDENTIFICATION WITH CONFIDENTIALITY, INTEGRITY, AND SOURCE AUTHENTICATION

(57) Abstract

A method for transmitting and receiving a secure message. Transmission is by generating, using a device identifier (408), an application identifier (406) and an application value (412), of a message value (502), combining the message value (502) with one or more first secret values (400), said secret values (400) being known substantially only to the originating device and one or more intended recipient devices of the message, to establish a secret message value (506), applying the secret message value (506) and the message to an encoding process (602) to form a secure message block (604), and combining an address (616, 618) with a device identifier (408), the application identifier (406), the application value (412) and the secure message block (604), to form a secure message (606) for transmission which is decodable by the one or more of said intended recipient devices which thereby recover the message, the address, the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value.



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**MESSAGE IDENTIFICATION WITH CONFIDENTIALITY,
INTEGRITY, AND SOURCE AUTHENTICATION**

Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates to the encoding and transmission of secure messages, in particular relating to aspects of confidentiality, integrity and auditability of messages in terms of authentication and integrity checking. In addition, the invention relates to reliable operation of such messaging functions in a network environment in which transmission delay and lost or duplication of messages can occur.

10

Background of the Invention

 The advent of secure storage and processing devices such as smart-cards, coupled with the increasing use of practicable electronic commerce technology, has highlighted shortcomings in secure message transfer technology. This relates in particular
15 to the robustness and auditability of secure messages when transmitted over different types of "best effort" networks.

 Fundamental requirements for electronic commerce include the ability to transmit and receive messages with an acceptable level of confidentiality and integrity, where this level depends on the particular commercial application. In addition, reliable
20 authentication of these messages, namely identification and verification of the source of a received message is also needed to ensure that fraudulent transactions are not being initiated.

 Emerging best effort networks such as wireless and the Internet, place additional demands on messaging technology, since message delay, loss and occasionally
25 duplication does occur.

 Proposed standards for cryptographic and authentication functions often exact a commercially prohibitive penalty on secure messaging, because of their requirement for significant overhead data and associated complex equipment to provide the cryptographic

and/or authentication functions. Available techniques have also not been proven to be reliable or efficient in the context of the aforementioned best effort networks.

It is an object of the present invention to ameliorate one or more disadvantages of the prior art.

5

Summary of the Invention

According to a first aspect of the invention, there is provided a method for encoding and transmitting by an originating device of a secure message the method comprising the steps of:

10 (a) generating by a first process using a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value a message value;

(b) combining the message value with one or more first secret values, said secret values being known substantially only to the originating device and one or more intended recipient devices of the message, to establish a secret message value;

15 (c) applying the secret message value and the message to an encoding process to form a secure message block; and

(d) combining an address with the device identifier, the application identifier, the application value and the secure message block, to form a secure message for transmission, said secure message being decodable by the one or more of said
20 intended recipient devices which thereby recover the message, the address, the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value.

According to another aspect of the invention, there is provided a method for reception of a securely transmitted message by a recipient device the method comprising the steps of:

25 (i) extracting one or more of a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value from a received secure message;

(j) generating by a first process using the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value a message value;

(k) generating, according to a second process using the device identifier and the application identifier one or more secret values known substantially only to an originating device and the one or more intended recipient devices of the message;

(l) combining the message value with the one or more secret values, to
5 establish a secret message value;

(m) extracting a secure message block from the secure message; and

(n) applying the secret message value and the secure message block to a decoding process to form the securely transmitted message, this message having been securely transmitted by the originating device.

10 According to another aspect of the invention, there is provided an apparatus for encoding and transmitting by an originating device of a secure message, the apparatus comprising:

(a) message generating means for generating, by a first process using a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value, a message value;

15 (b) first combining means for combining the message value with one or more first secret values, said secret values being known substantially only to the originating device and one or more intended recipient devices of the message, to establish a secret message value;

(c) application means for applying the secret message value and the
20 message to an encoding means which performs an encoding process to form a secure message block; and

(d) second combining means for combining an address with the device identifier, the application identifier, the application value and the secure message block, to form a secure message for transmission said secure message being decodable by the one
25 or more of said intended recipient devices which thereby recover the message, the address, the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value.

According to another aspect of the invention, there is provided an apparatus for reception of a securely transmitted message by a recipient device the apparatus comprising:

(i) extraction means for extracting one or more of a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value from a received secure message;

(j) message generation means for generating, by a first process using the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value, a message value;

5 (k) secret value generating means for generating, according to a second process using the device identifier and the application identifier, one or more secret values known substantially only to an originating device and the one or more intended recipient devices of the message;

10 (l) message value combining means for combining the message value with the one or more secret values, to establish a secret message value;

(m) secure message extraction means for extracting a secure message block from the secure message; and

15 (n) application means for applying the secret message value and the secure message block to a decoding process to form the securely transmitted message, this message having been securely transmitted by the originating device.

According to another aspect of the invention, there is provided a computer program product including a computer readable medium having recorded thereon a computer program for encoding and transmitting by an originating device of a secure message, the program comprising:

20 (a) message generating steps for generating, by a first process using a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value, a message value;

(b) first combining steps for combining the message value with one or more first secret values, said secret values being known substantially only to the originating device and one or more intended recipient devices of the message, to establish a secret message value;

25 (c) application steps for applying the secret message value and the message to encoding steps which perform an encoding process to form a secure message block; and

(d) second combining steps for combining an address with the device identifier, the application identifier, the application value and the secure message block, to form a secure message for transmission, the secure message being decodable by the one or more of said intended recipient devices which thereby recover the message, the address, the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value.

According to another aspect of the invention, there is provided a computer program product including a computer readable medium having recorded thereon a computer program for reception of a securely transmitted message by a recipient device the program comprising:

(i) extraction steps for extracting one or more of a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value from a received secure message;

(j) message generation steps for generating, by a first process using the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value, a message value;

(k) secret value generation steps for generating, according to a second process using the device identifier and the application identifier, one or more secret values known substantially only to an originating device and the one or more intended recipient devices of the message;

(l) message value combining steps for combining the message value with the one or more secret values, to establish a secret message value;

(m) secure message block extraction steps for extracting a secure message block from the secure message; and

(n) application steps for applying the secret message value and the secure message block to a decoding process to form the securely transmitted message, this message having been securely transmitted by the originating device.

According to another aspect of the invention, there is provided a system providing secure communications comprising an originating device and one or more receiving devices, wherein said originating device comprises an apparatus for encoding and transmitting a secure message, the originating device comprising:

(a) message generating means for generating, by a first process using a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value, a message value;

(b) first combining means for combining the message value with one or more first secret values, said secret values being known substantially only to the
5 originating device and one or more intended recipient devices of the message, to establish a secret message value;

(c) application means for applying the secret message value and the message to an encoding means which performs an encoding process to form a secure message block; and

10 (d) second combining means for combining an address with the device identifier, the application identifier, the application value and the secure message block, to form a secure message for transmission said secure message being decodable by the one or more of said intended recipient devices which thereby recover the message, the address, the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value;

15 and wherein a said receiving device comprises an apparatus for reception of a securely transmitted message, said receiving device comprising:

(e) extraction means for extracting one or more of a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value from a received secure message;

20 (f) message generation means for generating, by a first process using the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value, a message value;

(g) secret value generating means for generating, according to a second process using the device identifier and the application identifier, one or more secret values known substantially only to an originating device and the one or more intended recipient devices of the message;

25 (h) message value combining means for combining the message value with the one or more secret values, to establish a secret message value;

(i) secure message extraction means for extracting a secure message block from the secure message; and

(j) application means for applying the secret message value and the secure message block to a decoding process to form the securely transmitted message, this message having been securely transmitted by the originating device.

5 Brief Description of the Drawings

A number of embodiments of the invention are described with reference to the drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 depicts secure communication between Issuers and device-holders;

10 Fig. 2 depicts the sourcing of devices and device applications from different issuers;

Fig. 3 depicts a device holder performing authentication in relation to a device;

Fig. 4 illustrates incorporation of secret values into Issuer and device-holder devices;

15 Fig. 5 illustrates a preferred embodiment for producing a secret message unique value ;

Fig. 6 depicts a preferred embodiment for production of a transmission data block;

Fig. 6a depicts an embodiment for production of a transmission data block with confidentiality and integrity protection;

20 Fig. 6b depicts another embodiment for production of a transmission data block with confidentiality and integrity protection;

Fig. 7 depicts another embodiment for production of a transmission data block;

Fig. 8 illustrates a preferred embodiment for reception of the secret message unique value;

25 Fig. 9 illustrates a decoding process for recovery of the message;

Fig. 10 depicts secure communication between a customer, a banking service and an office LAN; and

Fig. 11 shows electronic commerce between a customer, a merchant and a banking service.

Appendix 1 shows a computer program for secure communication according to an embodiment of the invention.

Detailed Description

5 The term "unique" is used herein in one of two ways. In the first instance, it is used as a label e.g. "Unique Application Value". In the second instance, it is used to indicate the manner of parameter value selection for a number of parameters. For example, "secret values are preferably unique values" is taken to mean that secret values are chosen in a manner as to minimise the likelihood that two secret values will have the
10 same value.

 Electronic network communications involve both originators of messages, and recipients of those messages. Some communication systems dealing with applications like e-mail handling, financial services, and directed research information acquisition involve a large number of individuals communicating uni-directionally and/or bi-
15 directionally with a small number of servers or hosts. Systems of this type are characterised by communication paths which are "many to one" or "many to few".

 Turning to Fig. 1, an Issuer 100 communicates with a number of Device-holders 104 and 106 across a network 108. Another Issuer 102 communicates with the same device-holders 104 and 106, and with other device-holders (not shown) across the
20 network 108.

 Fig. 2 shows how the communication referred to in relation to Fig. 1 is performed by the Issuer 100 (see Fig. 1) using an Issuer device 200 to communicate with the device-holder 104 by means of the device-holder device 202. The Issuer device 200 communicates across the network 108 to the device holder 202 using corresponding
25 applications 206 and 208 respectively which are incorporated into the respective devices 200 and 202. The Issuer device 200, the device-holder device 202, and the applications 206 and 208 are either proprietary or commercial products, and are generally available from different suppliers in the market. This requires that the applications 206, 208 and devices 200, 202 comply with appropriate interface and interworking standards. In the

rest of the description, communication between issuer and device-holder and communication between issuer device and device-holder device are taken to have the same meaning unless a contrary intention is stated.

5 The Issuer device 200 and the device-holder device 202 ensure the confidentiality and integrity of communication, independent of the type of network infrastructure 108. They provide confidentiality and message integrity even in the event that messages are delayed, corrupted, or delivered in a different sequence to the one in which they were transmitted.

10 The Issuer device 200 communicates with device-holder device 202 for a variety of different purposes. These purposes include administrative functions such as exchanging logon ID/passwords and exchanging account information. They also include sending, and receiving electronic mail, sending and receiving purchase information in relation to a purchase, or transacting purchases. Each communication type is associated with a particular application in the Issuer device 200 and a corresponding application in
15 the device-holder device 202. A suite of applications (e.g. 214 and 206) in the Issuer device 200 can be supplied as an integrated set of applications, or alternatively as modular software applications from different sources. The same applies in regard to a suite of applications in the device-holder device 202.

20 Fig. 3 illustrates how a device-holder 104 can in some circumstances, typically at the issuer's discretion, be required to perform an authentication procedure, as depicted by arrow 302, in regard to the device-holder device 202. This authentication procedure 302 can, for example, take the form of an exchange of password identification, or can use a biometric identification procedure such as placing the device-holders thumb on a special purpose thumb-print sensor. Alternatively, passive authentication can be achieved by
25 mere possession of the device-holder device 202.

Where required by the particular application (e.g. exemplified by 206, 208), the aforementioned authentication procedure provides authentication information which can be incorporated into the communication messages. For example, communications dealing with requests for health, financial or computer system access information commonly

require, as a prerequisite to answering the request, a reliable indication that the information request has originated from a device and/or application which is known to, and authorised by, the information provider. Furthermore, the information provider must be sure that the device making the request is being used by a user who is in turn authorised to make such a request. In this case, the authentication information can be incorporated into each message, to enable the message recipient to assess the authentication status of a message at the time of receipt. The authentication or message identification information can be used for network performance assessment, in order to estimate the integrity and efficiency of the communication system, and the individual communication links. In addition, the authentication information can be used as a basis for establishing the origin, destination, sequence and timing of messages. This is usable, for example, in customer dispute resolution situations, as substantiating evidence.

The aggregate level of security provided by the Issuer device 200, the application (e.g 206 and 208), and the device-holder device 202 is specified by the Issuer 100, to comply with his requirements and those of the device-holders 104 and 106. The Issuer will normally specify a required level of security based upon risk management assessment of the Issuer's business requirements. Tamper-resistant card-reading terminals and smart-cards are an example of a particular issuer device 200 and associated device-holder device 202 respectively in the case, for example, where the Issuer is a bank, and the device-holder is a bank customer.

The Issuer device 200 and the device-holder device 202 (see Fig. 2) are generally arranged to erase sensitive data values held in storage if the devices are subjected to tampering or damage. Typically, in the case of multiple applications 214 and 206 being resident in the Issuer device 200 or device holder device 202, an operating system within the issuer device 200 provides secure access control to data on a per-application basis. The level of security associated with inter-application access varies with the type of messaging application, for example, financial or health applications being more security-intensive than lower priority e-mail massaging.

Having regard to Fig. 4, the Issuer device 200 is able to store secret values 400 in a secure manner. The secret values 400 will typically be at least 64 bits long, but preferably will be 112 bits or greater in length (i.e. the length of a double key according to the digital encryption standard (DES), or other symmetric encryption process such as LOKI, IDEA, RC4 and so on). The secret values 400 being such length preclude practicable brute force attacks which could otherwise be feasibly used to deduce the secret values 400.

The Issuer device 200 and the device-holder device 202 are arranged to allow one or more secret values 400 known only to the Issuer's device 200 and the device-holders device 202 to be stored in both the Issuer device 200 and the device-holder device 202. Typically, two unique secret values 400 will be used, one for message origination, and the second for message reception. Other situations or applications however, only require a single secret value 400. An example of this is an application for secure identification, encryption and decryption of data or files for backup or external storage purposes, where a single device acts as both the originator 200 and recipient 202 at differing times.

Provision of distinct secret values 400 for each application (e.g. 206, 208) within a device (e.g 200, 202) provides for reliable and single valued indication of both the device and application that originate a particular message. The Issuer device 200 and the device-holder device 202 are engineered in a fashion as to preclude misuse of secret values 400.

The secret values 400 are preferably unique values. This ensures not only that particular applications have different secret values 400, but also that any secret value 400 has a low probability of being the same as secret values 400 used in any other device holder 202 or application e.g 218.

The corresponding applications 206 and 208 are assigned application identity values 406 and 414, to permit identification of an application or purpose for a particular message. This identification can vary between applications, or between versions of the same application. The application identity (406) can be either a numeric value (e.g "1, 2,

3, 4, 5, 6"), or a more descriptive text string (e.g. "ABC banking system", or, "ABC banking system logon step 1").

Each device-holder device 202 and issuer device 200 is allocated a device identifier 408,416 which might, for example, be a serial number. This provides a unique identifier for each device. The device identifier 408, 416 allows the issuer device to know which device-holder device originates a message.

The issuer device 200 maintains, in some secure fashion, a record of the device identifier 408, the relevant application identifier 414, and the secret values 400 associated with all the devices e.g. 202 and/or applications e.g. 208 issued by the Issuer. The Issuer device 200 stores multiple secret value sets, each set being specific to both a device and an application, while each application within a device will contain a secret value set. The Issuer stores information regarding both the devices which are registered to communicate with it, and the applications which the registered devices contain.

This is exemplified in the following table, which illustrates typical data maintained by the issuer device 200, illustrating how a number of different secret values SV^S , SV^r , SV^i can be associated with a record set.

DID	Application ID (AID)	Secret Value Send(SV^S)	Secret Value Receive (SV^r)	Secret Value Integrity (SV^i)
123653	remote access v1.01	247EB4BC8EF52	2F667C42C2C02	
123654	remote access v1.01	10A6B1C8ED9F9	48009F1CCE203	
	1098756	99A73E7D456A8		
123655	ABC savings account Cash Management v2.9	3C768B8A71C31 2906F8812A346 C459EAC53F55	4789239EFAAB1 387FEA1B4755C4 7E89564CA2313	2906F8812A34E C459EAC53F5A3
123656	ABC savings account	83E76FC890323	345F7898AC1F5	11FF045A67897

Table 1.

Devices can contain multiple applications, which communicate with this issuer. Thus device 123654 contains a first application entitled "Remote Access v1.01" and another application entitled "1098756".

Fig. 5 below illustrates how the secret value or, in the case shown in Table 1 the secret values, SV^k are combined with the application identifier e.g. 406, 414, the device identifier e.g. 408, 416 and a message related value e.g. 412.

A single instance of the application 206 within the device 200 can require one or more secret values. Thus with reference to Table 1. application "Remote Access v1.01" requires a secret value SV^s whose value is "10A6B1C8ED9F9" for ensuring confidentiality in the send direction. The same application further requires a secret value SV^r whose value is "48009F1CCe203" for ensuring confidentiality in the receive direction.

Devices associate corresponding details on applications, secret values and those Issuers with which the device has been registered. Extracting the DID and AID fields from a received message enables the Issuer to retrieve the appropriate secret value(s). A device retrieves appropriate secret value(s) by virtue of the Issuer's DID and AID fields within a received message.

The application identifier 406 permits a message-originating device to tag a specific message with the identifier 406 when delivering it to a recipient device.

For auditing and indexing purposes an application-unique value 412 is assigned to each message transmitted. This application-unique value 412, when combined with the device identifier 416 and the application identifier 406, permits reliable indexing of every message within a system or network. This indexing is related to the message, the device, and the application. The application-unique value 412 can be a simple counter within the application 206 or the Issuer device 200. Alternatively, time and/or date information or a combination of the aforementioned parameters can be used. The range of the application-unique value 412 encompasses the expected working life (i.e. the total expected number of messages sent/received during the lifetime) of the device (e.g. 200) and the application

(e.g. 206). A binary value of 32 bits or 10 decimal digits normally suffices for this purpose.

Fig. 5 illustrates a preferred embodiment of the message origination process. The Device Identifier 408 and the Application identifier 406 are joined as depicted by a curly bracket 508, to form one data string 510. Thereafter, the data string 510 and the unique application value 412 are combined in a process 500 to create a message unique value 502. The combination process 500 produces a message unique value 502 which is individual to the specific input combination of the device identifier 408, the application identifier 406 and the unique application value 412. Cryptographic techniques such as symmetric encryption, using Cipher Block Chaining (BCB) or another cipher feedback mode, keyed hash functions, or hash functions such as SHA-1 and MD5 fulfil this required functionality. In contrast, exclusive OR (XOR) functions are generally not suitable, since the resulting message unique value 502 will not be unique. If a keyed function such as the symmetric key encryption based one way function is used, using the unique application value 412 as the key value will marginally increase the work factor for some forms of attack. The Device Identifier 408 and the Application Identifier 406 are normally concatenated before, or during, the combination process 500.

The message unique value 502 is combined with the secret value 400 in combination process 504 to form a secret message unique value 506. The secret message unique value 506 is substantially unique to the particular message, device and application. It is noted that the secret value 400 is logically associated with the device identifier 416 and application identifier 406.

The combination process 504 can be implemented using the symmetric encryption based one way functions used in the financial industry, and/or hash functions such as SHA-1 and MD5. The use of non-reversible combination processes 504 is preferred to encryption processes, in order to isolate the secret value 400 from possible recovery due to brute force attacks, should one or more secret message unique values 506 be compromised in any manner.

Turning to Fig. 6, the secret message unique value 506 is combined with message data 600 in an encoding process 602. This process 602 can be selected appropriately to provide symmetric key encryption for confidentiality, or for providing a message integrity mechanism, such as a Message Authentication Code (MAC) or keyed hash function, or simply as a secret one-time value for use within a higher level protocol. More details on MACs can be found in Australian Standard 2805 and in ANSI X9 Standards and similar documents.

Examples of higher level protocol usage include using the secret message unique value as a data value passed through a separate key management protocol, such as those used in SSL (Secure Socket Layer), AS 2805, ISO 8583, and S/Mime, or using the secret message unique value as a seed value in a random number generation process.

The encoding process 602 outputs a secure message block 604 which is unique to the message 600, device 200 and application 206. This encoding process 602 binds the device identifier 416, the application identifier 406, the application unique value 412, and the secret values 400 to the message 600.

Message data or content is formatted according to the needs of the issuer and device holder. Message length and/or content can be arbitrarily arranged. Encryption and/or message integrity functions are incorporated together with the message data as exemplified by a transmission data block 606. The transmission data block 606 takes the form of three major components, namely the secure message block 604, control data 610, and addressing data 612. The control data 610 consists of the device identifier 408, the application identifier 406, and the unique application value 412. The addressing data 612 consists of a destination address 618, a source address 616, and optionally, ancillary data 614. The format of the transmission data block 606 is determined by the Issuer 100 (see Fig. 1).

Considering Fig. 6 with reference to Fig. 1, the secure message block 604 is opaque, that is indecipherable, to all network entities apart from the intended recipient e.g. 104.

The format and arrangement of the addressing data 612 is related to network functionality and not directly to the messaging functions of authentication and integrity assurance. Addressing data 612 is thus specific to the purpose, network and processing devices being employed by the Issuer device 200 and device-holder device 202.

5 This arrangement also allows the same device identifier 408 to be used at multiple network addresses 618, 616. Alternatively, redundant issuer devices each with a distinct device identifier can be accessed at the same network address.

Fig. 6a depicts a situation where both confidentiality and integrity protection are required. In a first embodiment, two encoding processes 602 and 603 are applied in
10 parallel, process 602 for confidentiality and process 603 for integrity. Two distinct secret values SV^c (for confidentiality) and SV^i (for integrity) are used to produce two secret message unique values 632 and 630 respectively. These are applied to the corresponding processes 602 and 603 together with message data 600 to produce two secret message blocks 620 and 604 respectively. The transmission data block 622 is then constructed to
15 contain the two secret message blocks 604 and 620. Symmetric key encryption can be used for confidentiality, and Message Authentication Code (MAC) or keyed hash function can be used for integrity.

In a second embodiment, still having regard to Fig. 6a, if both confidentiality and integrity are required, the first secret value SV^c is used to produce the secret message
20 value 632 using process 504 (see Fig. 5). The secret message value 632 is then combined with message data 600 in confidentiality encoding process 602 to produce the secure message block 620 and thereafter, a transmission data block. The second secret value SV^i is then used to produce the secret message value 630 using process 504 (see Fig. 5). Thereafter, the secret message value 630 is encoded in integrity encoding process 603
25 together with the aforementioned transmission data block to produce the secure message block 604. This is then used to form a transmission data block which has been iteratively encoded to provide both confidentiality and integrity protection.

Turning to Fig. 6b, in a third embodiment where both confidentiality and integrity are required, the message data 600 is combined with the secret message value

506 in the confidentiality encoding process 602 to form a confidentiality secure message block 604. The same secret message value 506 is in parallel combined with a MAC Variant 1000 in XOR process 1002 to output an integrity secret message value 1008. This secret message value 1008 is then combined with the message data 600 in the integrity encoding process 1004 to form an integrity secure message block 1006. The confidentiality secure message block 604 and the integrity secure message block 1006 are then incorporated into transmission data block 606. MAC Variants are described in AS2805, ANSIX9, and similar standards.

Where both confidentiality and integrity protection are required, the sequence of processing may be decided according to the needs of the issuer. Thus, processing for confidentiality protection may be applied prior to processing relating to integrity protection, or alternatively, the processing may be performed in the reverse order.

Fig. 7 illustrates another embodiment whereby the secret message unique value 506 is combined with message data 600 and the message unique value 502 in encoding process 602 to produce the secure message block 700 and thereafter to form transmission data block 702. This enables the message recipient to detect whether the incoming transmission data block 702 has been altered or corrupted during transmission, without performing a complete message reception procedure, and also allows utilisation of partially intact messages.

Fig. 8 illustrates a preferred embodiment which relates to decoding of the transmission data block 606. The application unique value 412, Device Identifier 408, and application identifier 406 are extracted from the incoming transmission data block 606, and combined in the process 500 to recreate the message unique value 502. The combination process 500 is the identical process used in the message transmission process as described in Fig. 5.

The device identifier 408 and the application identifier 406 are extracted from the transmission data block 606 and used to retrieve the appropriate secret value 400 by means of a secret value retrieval process 802.

The recreated message unique value 502 is combined with the retrieved secret value 400 in the combination process 504, in order to derive the secret message unique value 506. The combination process 504 is identical to the process utilised to combine the message unique value 502 and the secret value 400 in the transmission process
5 described in Fig. 5.

Turning to Fig. 9, the secret message unique value 506 is utilised to decode the secure message block 604 in a decoding process 900, in order to produce the original message data 600. The decoding process 900 is the inverse process to the encoding process 602 (see Fig. 6). Thus if the encoding process 602 implemented symmetric key
10 encryption, i.e. related to confidentiality, then the decoding process 900 decrypts the secure message block 604 using the unique value 506. If the encoding process 602 (see Fig. 6) implemented a message integrity mechanism such as a MAC or keyed hash function, then the decoding process 900 verifies the integrity of the secret message block 604 against message corruption or tampering, using MAC or keyed hash techniques, or
15 both, as applicable.

Where the message unique value 502 is included with message data 600 in forming the secure message block 700 (see Fig. 7), application of the secret message unique value 506 to the secure message block 604 which contains the transmitted message unique value 502 in decoding process 900 allows detection of errors in the transmission
20 data block 606 if it contains errors in the control data 610 (see Fig. 6) and parts of the secure message block 604.

Thus the message recipient device 202 and application (e.g. 208) utilise publicly disclosed items of information transmitted within the transmission data block 606 and one or more shared secret values 400 to uniquely identify the contents of the transmission data
25 block 606.

Any other receiving entity with access to the network 108 and having authorised access to appropriate secret values 400 or secret message unique value 506 can also identify a corresponding transmission data block 606, and the incorporated destination device and/or application for purposes of metering, charging, quality control or law

enforcement purposes. Where only the secret message unique value 506 has been provided for these purposes, prior and subsequent messages which use the secret value 400 are not compromised.

Fig. 10 depicts a user 1034 directing a personal computer (PC) 1002 by means of a user interface depicted by an arrow 1000. The user 1034 has previously inserted a smart card 1012 as depicted by an arrow 1010 into a smart card reader 1006, which is connected to the PC 1002 by a data connection 1004. The smart card 1012 has, incorporated therein, the appropriate software applications to facilitate secure communications as previously described (e.g. in relation to Figs. 5, 6, 8 and 9) between the user 1034 and, in the present Figure, a banking service 1032, and also, the user's office LAN 1030. The transmitted communication, secured by means of the interaction between the PC 1002 and the smart card 1012 is carried between the PC 1002 and the network 1016 by means of a data connection 1014. Thereafter, the communication is carried between the network 1016 and a receiving device 1020 by means of a data connection 1018, and thereafter, transferred by a data connection 1022 to a banking service 1032. In the case of the customer 1034 communicating with a bank, it is likely that the receiving device 1020 will be an integral part of the banking facility, and co-located with the banking service 1032. As previously noted, the process by which the user message is securely transmitted is described, for example, in Figs. 5 and 6. The reception and decoding of the secure message is described, for example, in Figs. 7 and 8.

A specific application identifier (406) is associated with the communications between the user 1034 and the banking service 1032. A different application identifier, also contained on the smart card 1012 in the present case, enables the user to securely communicate with his office LAN 1030. In this latter case, the secure message transferred to the network 1016 from the PC 1002 over the data connection 1014 is conveyed by a data connection 1024 to a second receiving device 1026, this being located in the user's office. From the receiving device 1026, which decodes the secure message in accordance with the process described, for example, in Figs. 8 and 9, the secure message is conveyed by a data connection 1028 to the office LAN 1030. From a practical

perspective, secure communications between the user 1034 and the banking service 1032, are used for transactions ranging from initial log on and password hand shaking between the banking service 1032 and the user 1034, through to other banking transactions such as reading an account balance, transferring funds and so on. In the second example of secure
5 communications between the user and the office LAN 1030, secure communications would be used in particular in relation to initial log on and password hand shaking, as well as subsequent communications between the user and various file servers connected to the office LAN 1030.

Turning again to the issue of banking services, the receiving device is, as
10 previously stated, situated in the bank itself. The bank would, in the present case have programmed the smart card 1012 with the appropriate software to enable the customer to communicate securely with the bank. Alternatively, the requisite programming of the smart card 1012 can be performed by a third party (not explicitly shown), who in that case also provides the necessary programming of the smart card 1012 to enable secure
15 communications between the user and the office LAN 1030. It is apparent, therefore, that the requisite programming of the smart card 1012 can be carried out by a variety of issuers, using a wide variety of commercial arrangements, as previously described in relation to Figs. 1 and 2. The issuers, in general, build and maintain receiving devices 1026, 1020 and "issue" the software applications to the smart card 1012.

20 Fig. 11 shows a different situation, in which the same user 1034 of PC 1002 engages in electronic commerce with a merchant 1110 having a PC 1102, this PC 1102 being connected to the network 1016 by a data connection 1100. The user 1034 of the PC 1002 sends a composite message shown in an insert 1106, this message comprising order details 1104 for an item, and a secure message payment authorisation segment 1108. The
25 user 1034 and the merchant 1110 communicate by means of PCs 1002 and 1102 respectively, having arrived at a contract for sale in accordance with an interchange of preliminary messages (not shown), and finally the purchase order information 1104. Thereafter, the merchant 1110 transfers the secure purchase authorisation message 1108 to the banking service 1032, noting that the merchant 1110 does not have the ability to

decode, and by implication to tamper with, the authorisation message 1108. The merchant 1110 is able merely to transparently transfer the purchasing authorisation 1108 by means of his PC 1102, and thereafter the data connection 1100, the network 1016, and the data connection 1018, to the receiving device 1020 which falls within the domain of
5 the bank. The bank is able to decode the secure authorisation 1108, and by passing this to the banking service 1032 using the data connection 1022, is able to authorise transfer of the requisite funds to the merchants account.

The foregoing describes only some embodiments of the present invention, and modifications obvious to those skilled in the art, can be made thereto without departing
10 from the scope of the invention. Thus, for example, originating devices can include PC / smart cards, mobile telephones, TV set top boxes, TV cable modems, personal digital assistants and the like.

Appendix 1

Computer Code for Secure Communications

```
5  Start Program, mode = ENCODE

    Obtain DID, AppID from input parameters

    Use DID, AppID, to retrieve MACSecretKey from key-file
10      Start Combine for MAC
        CBC encrypt DID concatenated with AppID -> temp_variable1
        CBC encrypt MessageID using temp_variable1
        Output = Secret Message Variable for MAC generation
        End Combine for MAC
15
    MAC input file using "Secret Message Variable for MAC generation" as key
        -> temp_mac
    Write DID, AID, Message ID to output file
    Write temp_mac to output file
20
    Use DID, AppID, to retrieve EncryptSecretKey from key-file
        Start Combine for Encrypt
        CBC encrypt DID concatenated with AppID -> temp_variable1
        CBC encrypt MessageID using temp_variable1 ->temp_variable2
25      CBC encrypt EncryptSecretKey using temp_variable2
        Output = Secret Message Variable for Encrypt
        End Combine for Encrypt

    Encrypt input file using "Secret Message Variable for Encrypt" as key
30      -> temp_data

    Write input file length to output file
    Write encrypted data length to output file
    Write temp data to output file
35
    Clear sensitive memory locations

    Close input, output files

40  End program
```

Start Program, mode = DECODE

Obtain DID, AppID from input parameters

Use DID, AppID, to retrieve EncryptSecretKey from key-file

5

Start Combine for Encrypt

CBC encrypt DID concatenated with AppID -> temp_variable1

CBC encrypt MessageID using temp_variable1 ->temp_variable2

CBC encrypt temp_variable2 using EncryptSecretKey as key

10

Output = Secret Message Variable for Encrypt

End Combine for Encrypt

Decrypt input file using "Secret Message Variable for Encrypt" as key

-> temp_data

15

Adjust temp_data length to true file length

Use DID, AppID, to retrieve MACSecretKey from key-file

Start Combine for MAC

CBC encrypt DID concatenated with AppID -> temp_variable1

20

CBC encrypt MessageID using temp_variable1 ->temp_variable2

CBC encrypt temp_variable2 using MACSecretKey as key

Output = Secret Message Variable for MAC generation

End Combine for MAC

25

MAC temp_data using "Secret Message Variable for MAC generation" as key

-> temp_mac

Compare temp_mac to value in input file

If Ok, proceed,

Else indicate an error, then error, abort

30

Write temp_data to output file

Clear sensitive memory locations

35

Close input, output files

End program

40

Claims

1. A method for encoding and transmitting by an originating device of a
5 secure message the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) generating by a first process using a device identifier, an application
identifier and an application value a message value;
 - (b) combining the message value with one or more first secret values, said
secret values being known substantially only to the originating device and one or more
10 intended recipient devices of the message, to establish a secret message value;
 - (c) applying the secret message value and the message to an encoding
process to form a secure message block; and
 - (d) combining an address with the device identifier, the application
identifier, the application value and the secure message block, to form a secure message
15 for transmission, said secure message being decodable by the one or more of said
intended recipient devices which thereby recover the message, the address, the device
identifier, the application identifier and the application value.
2. A method according to claim 1, whereby an association of the device
20 identifier, the application identifier, and the application value substantially uniquely
identifies the originating device and a purpose of one or more of the message and the
application, and a identifier for the message, such message identification being bound
with the message content by virtue of the encoding process.
3. A method according to claim 1, whereby the encoding process in step
25 (c) comprises one or more of:
- (e) a symmetric encryption process;
 - (f) an integrity process using one of keyed hash and symmetric encryption
techniques;

- (g) a process including both symmetric encryption and keyed integrity; and
- (h) including the secret message value in a higher level messaging protocol.

4. A method for reception of a securely transmitted message by a recipient
5 device the method comprising the steps of:
- (i) extracting one or more of a device identifier, an application identifier
and an application value from a received secure message;
 - (j) generating by a first process using the device identifier, the application
identifier and the application value a message value;
 - 10 (k) generating, according to a second process using the device identifier and
the application identifier one or more secret values known substantially only to an
originating device and the one or more intended recipient devices of the message;
 - (l) combining the message value with the one or more secret values, to
establish a secret message value;
 - 15 (m) extracting a secure message block from the secure message; and
 - (n) applying the secret message value and the secure message block to a
decoding process to form the securely transmitted message, this message having been
securely transmitted by the originating device.

- 20 5. An apparatus for encoding and transmitting by an originating device of a
secure message, the apparatus comprising:
- (a) message generating means for generating, by a first process using a
device identifier, an application identifier and an application value, a message value;
 - (b) first combining means for combining the message value with one or
25 more first secret values, said secret values being known substantially only to the
originating device and one or more intended recipient devices of the message, to establish
a secret message value;

(c) application means for applying the secret message value and the message to an encoding means which performs an encoding process to form a secure message block; and

5 (d) second combining means for combining an address with the device identifier, the application identifier, the application value and the secure message block, to form a secure message for transmission said secure message being decodable by the one or more of said intended recipient devices which thereby recover the message, the address, the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value.

10 6. Apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the encoding means comprises one or more of:

(e) a symmetric encryption means;

(f) an integrity processing means using keyed hash or symmetric encryption techniques;

15 (g) a keyed-symmetric processing means performing symmetric encryption and ensuring keyed integrity; and

(h) encapsulation means for including the secret message value in a higher level messaging protocol.

20 7. An apparatus for reception of a securely transmitted message by a recipient device the apparatus comprising:

(i) extraction means for extracting one or more of a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value from a received secure message;

25 (j) message generation means for generating, by a first process using the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value, a message value;

(k) secret value generating means for generating, according to a second process using the device identifier and the application identifier, one or more secret values known substantially only to an originating device and the one or more intended recipient devices of the message;

(l) message value combining means for combining the message value with the one or more secret values, to establish a secret message value;

(m) secure message extraction means for extracting a secure message block from the secure message; and

5 (n) application means for applying the secret message value and the secure message block to a decoding process to form the securely transmitted message, this message having been securely transmitted by the originating device.

8. A computer program product including a computer readable medium
10 having recorded thereon a computer program for encoding and transmitting by an originating device of a secure message, the program comprising:

(a) message generating steps for generating, by a first process using a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value, a message value;

(b) first combining steps for combining the message value with one or more
15 first secret values, said secret values being known substantially only to the originating device and one or more intended recipient devices of the message, to establish a secret message value;

(c) application steps for applying the secret message value and the message to encoding steps which perform an encoding process to form a secure message block;
20 and

(d) second combining steps for combining an address with the device identifier, the application identifier, the application value and the secure message block, to form a secure message for transmission, the secure message being decodable by the one or more of said intended recipient devices which thereby recover the message, the address,
25 the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value.

9. A computer program product according to claim 8, whereby the encoding steps in step (c) comprise one or more of:

(e) symmetric encryption steps;

(f) integrity processing steps using one of keyed hash and symmetric encryption techniques;

(g) keyed-symmetric steps performing symmetric encryption and ensuring keyed integrity; and

5 (h) encapsulation steps for including the secret message value in a higher level messaging protocol.

10 10. A computer program product including a computer readable medium having recorded thereon a computer program for reception of a securely transmitted message by a recipient device the program comprising:

(i) extraction steps for extracting one or more of a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value from a received secure message;

(j) message generation steps for generating, by a first process using the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value, a message value;

15 (k) secret value generation steps for generating, according to a second process using the device identifier and the application identifier, one or more secret values known substantially only to an originating device and the one or more intended recipient devices of the message;

20 (l) message value combining steps for combining the message value with the one or more secret values, to establish a secret message value;

(m) secure message block extraction steps for extracting a secure message block from the secure message; and

25 (n) application steps for applying the secret message value and the secure message block to a decoding process to form the securely transmitted message, this message having been securely transmitted by the originating device.

11. A system providing secure communications comprising an originating device and one or more receiving devices, wherein said originating device comprises an

apparatus for encoding and transmitting a secure message, the originating device comprising:

(a) message generating means for generating, by a first process using a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value, a message value;

5 (b) first combining means for combining the message value with one or more first secret values, said secret values being known substantially only to the originating device and one or more intended recipient devices of the message, to establish a secret message value;

10 (c) application means for applying the secret message value and the message to an encoding means which performs an encoding process to form a secure message block; and

(d) second combining means for combining an address with the device identifier, the application identifier, the application value and the secure message block, to form a secure message for transmission said secure message being decodable by the one
15 or more of said intended recipient devices which thereby recover the message, the address, the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value;

and wherein a said receiving device comprises an apparatus for reception of a securely transmitted message, said receiving device comprising:

20 (e) extraction means for extracting one or more of a device identifier, an application identifier and an application value from a received secure message;

(f) message generation means for generating, by a first process using the device identifier, the application identifier and the application value, a message value;

(g) secret value generating means for generating, according to a second process using the device identifier and the application identifier, one or more secret values
25 known substantially only to an originating device and the one or more intended recipient devices of the message;

(h) message value combining means for combining the message value with the one or more secret values, to establish a secret message value;

(i) secure message extraction means for extracting a secure message block from the secure message; and

(j) application means for applying the secret message value and the secure message block to a decoding process to form the securely transmitted message, this
5 message having been securely transmitted by the originating device.

12. A system according to claim 11;
wherein said originating device comprises:

(k) first processing means;

10 (l) transmitting means adapted to perform one or more of establishing and maintaining communications with a receiving means, said first processing means being adapted to control said transmitting means, and adapted to support features (a) to (d);

wherein a said receiving device comprises:

15 (m) second processing means; and

(n) the receiving means, being adapted to perform one or more of establishing and maintaining communications in conjunction with said transmitting means, said second processing means being adapted control said receiving means, and further adapted to support features (e) to (j).

20

13. A system according to claim 12, wherein said originating device comprises one of:

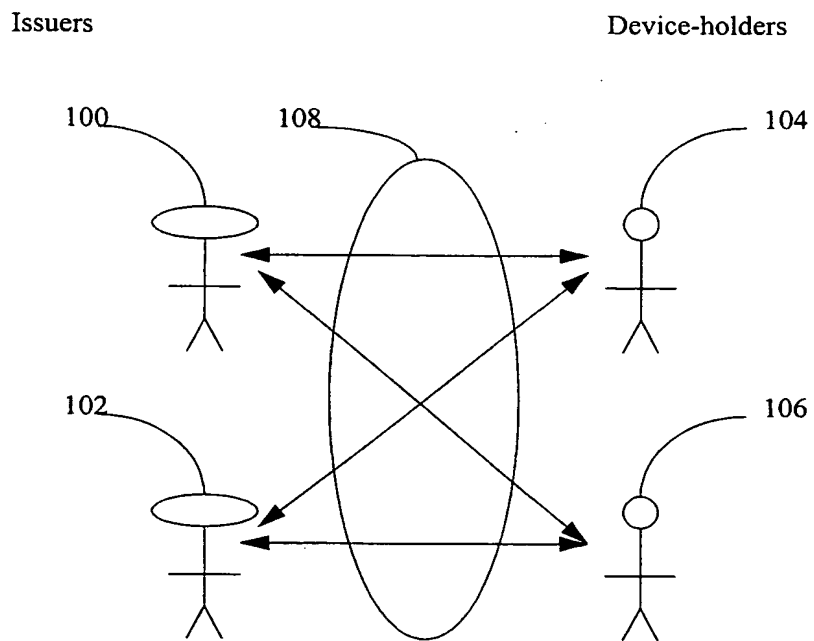
(o) a PC comprising the transmitting means, a smart card reader, the first processing means being responsive to the smart card reader and adapted to control said
25 transmitting means, said originating device further comprising a smart card adapted to interface with the smart card reader, said smart card having on board second processing means which in conjunction with said first processing means are adapted to support features (a) to (d); and

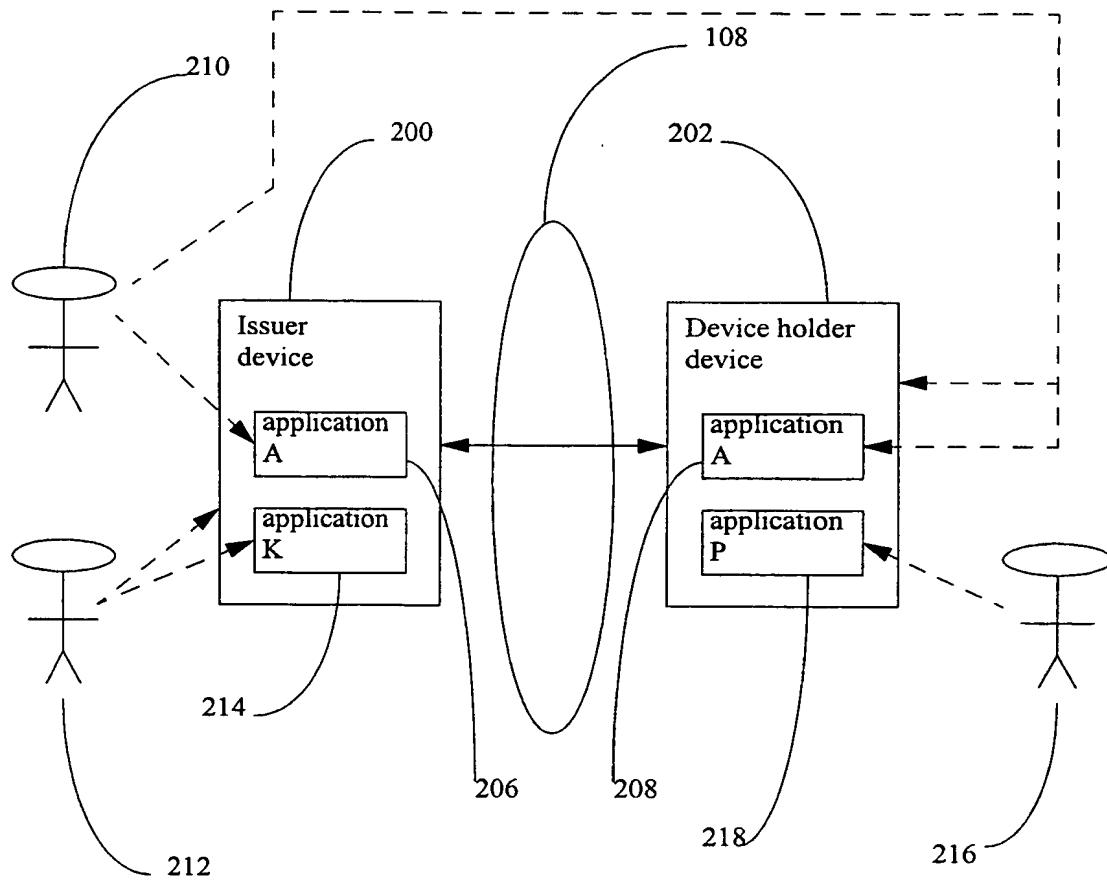
(p) a mobile telephone, comprising the transmitting means, the first processing means being adapted to control said transmitting means, and also adapted to support features (a) to (d); and

5 (q) a set top box, comprising the transmitting means, the first processing means being adapted to control said transmitting means, and also adapted to support features (a) to (d); and

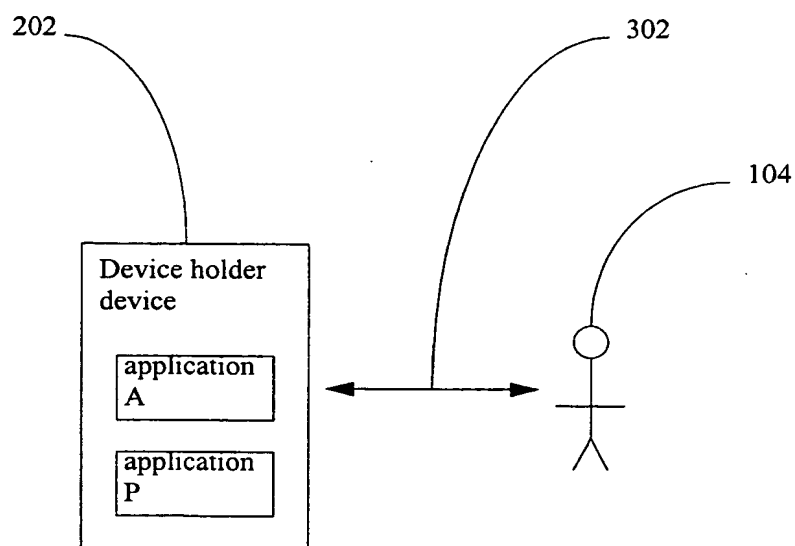
(r) a cable modem, comprising the transmitting means, the first processing means being adapted to control said transmitting means, and also adapted to support features (a) to (d); and

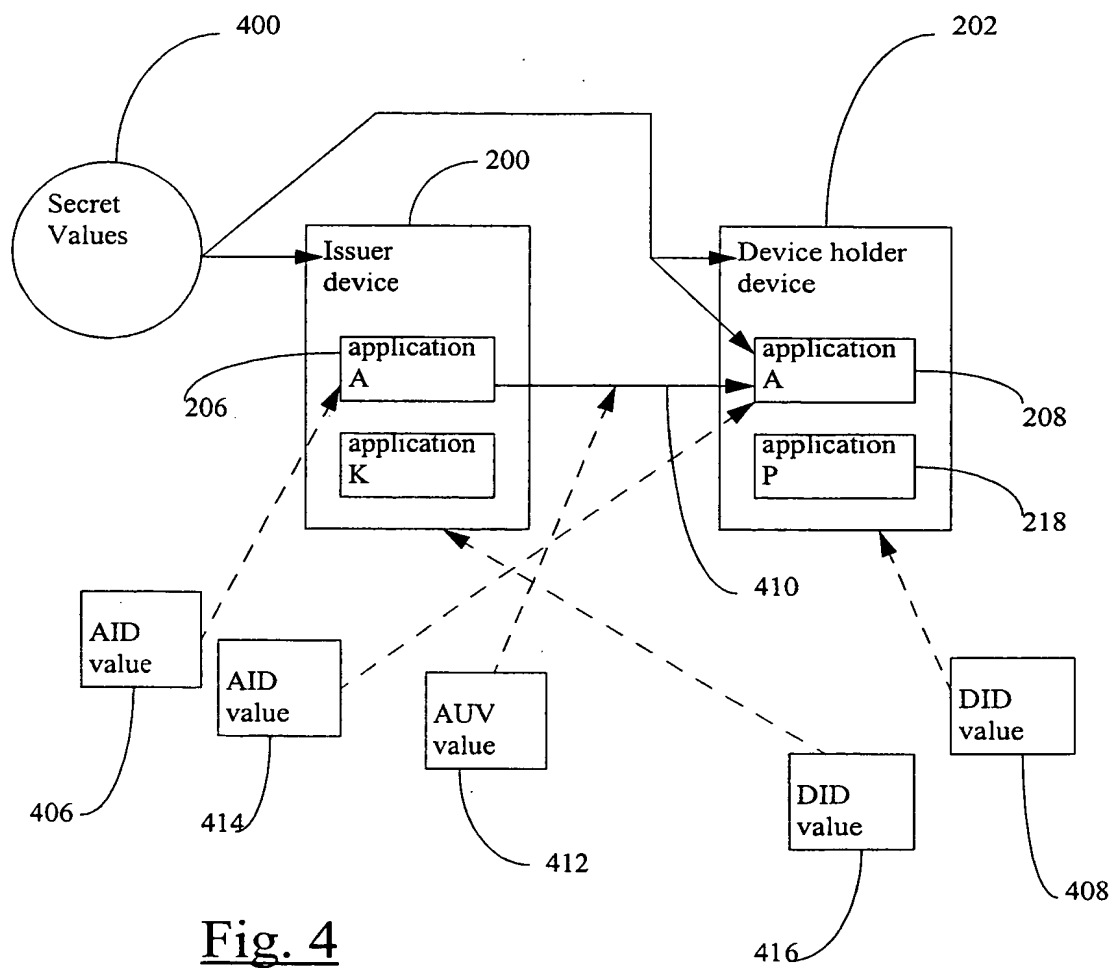
10 (s) a personal digital assistant, comprising the transmitting means, the first processing means being adapted to control said transmitting means, and also adapted to support features (a) to (d).

Fig. 1

Fig. 2

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Fig. 3



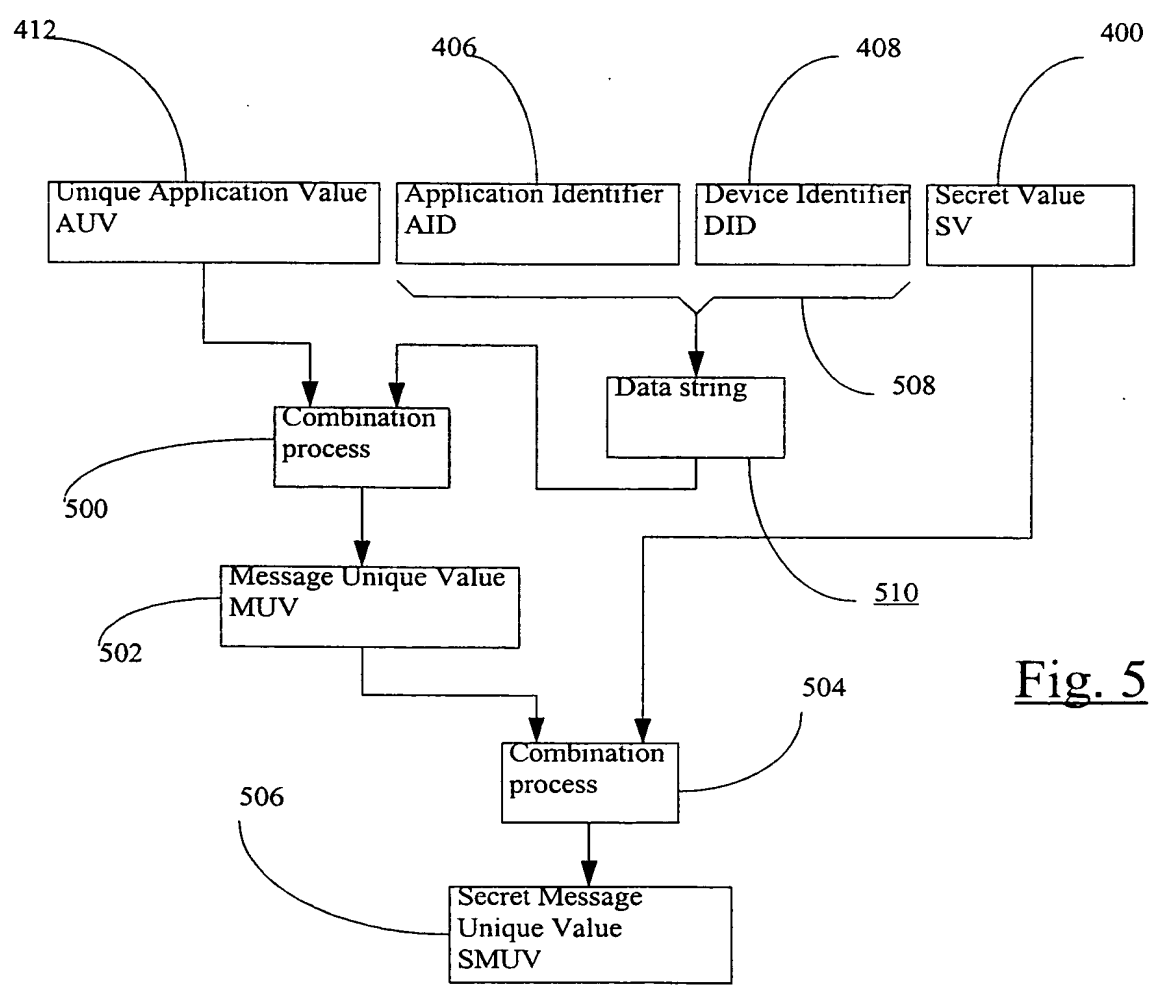
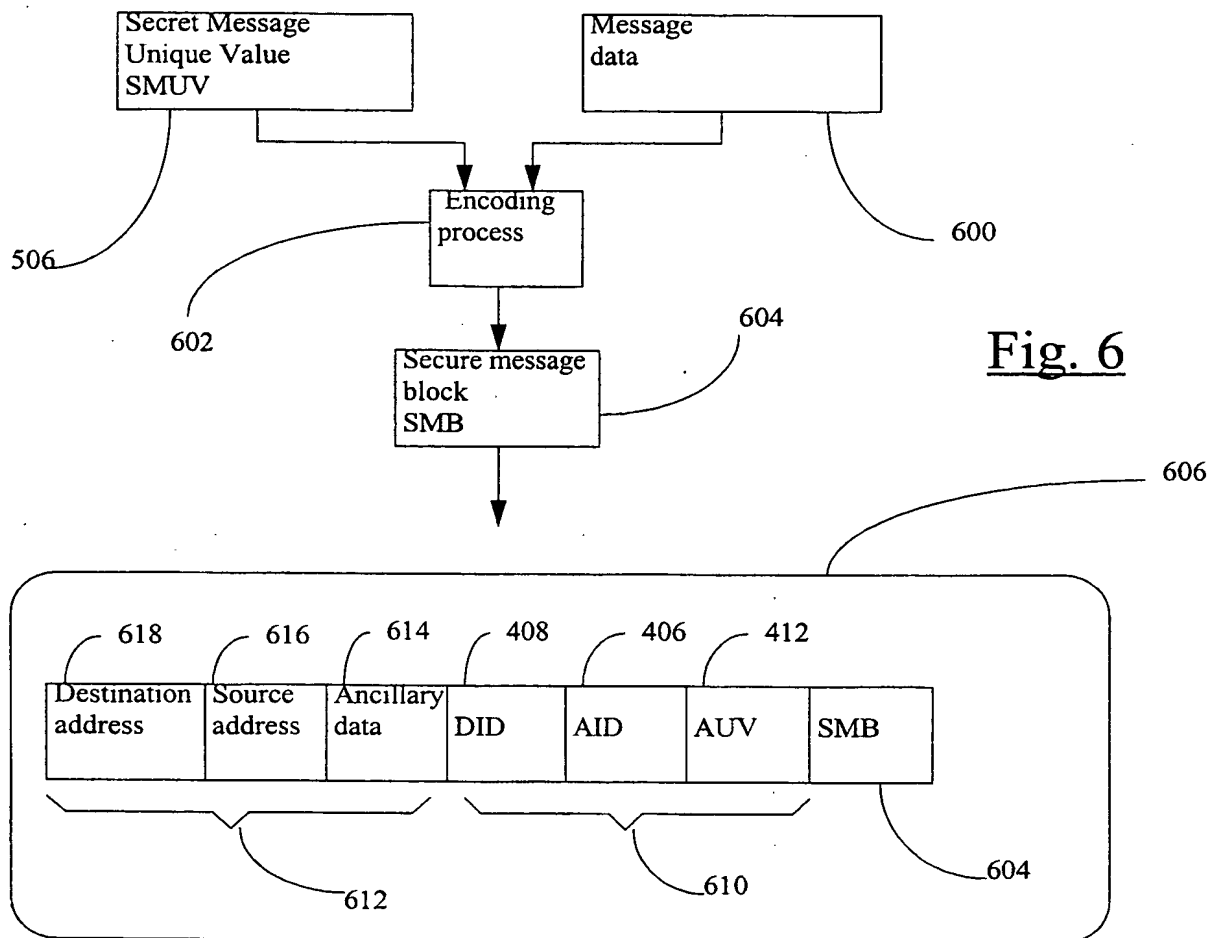
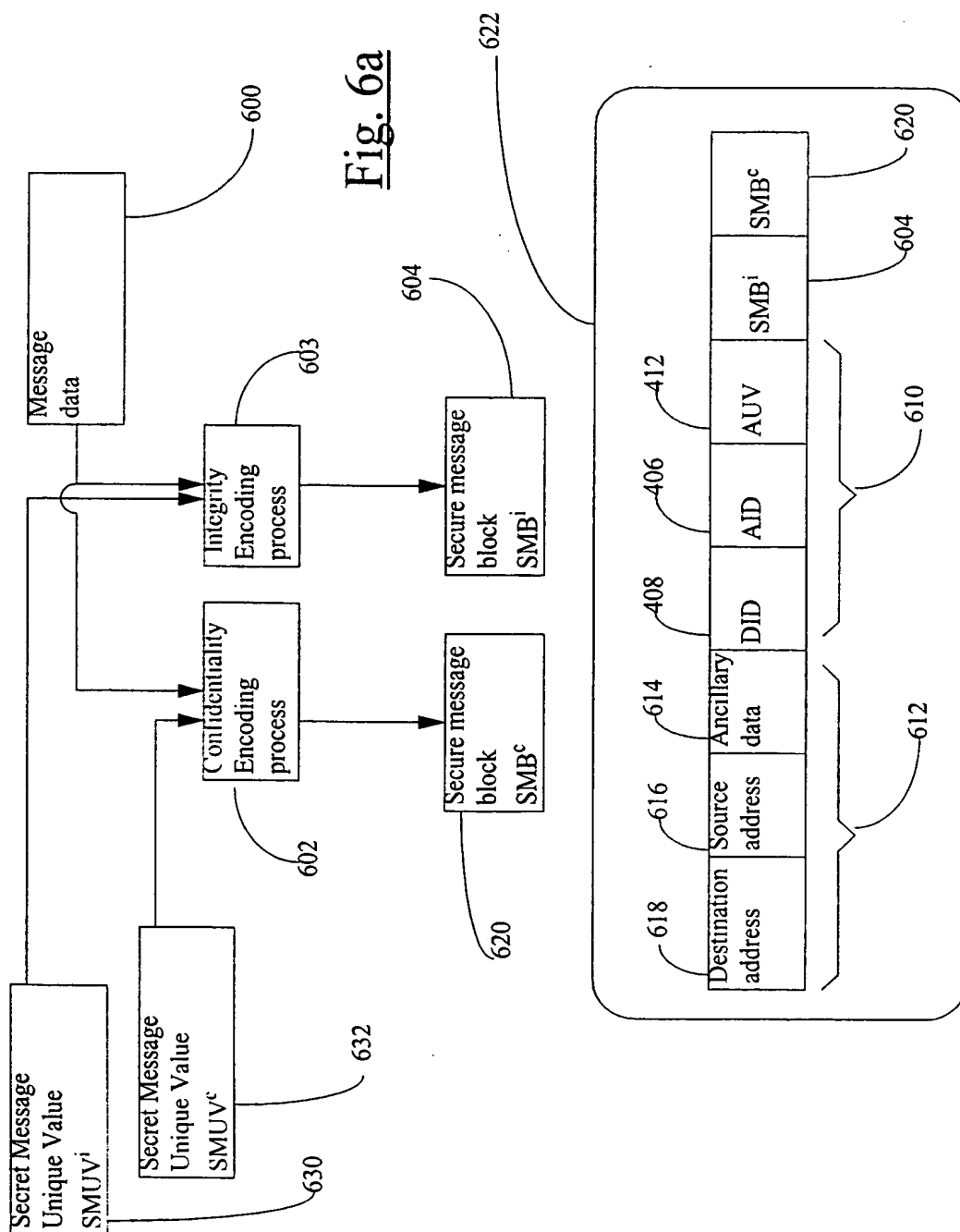


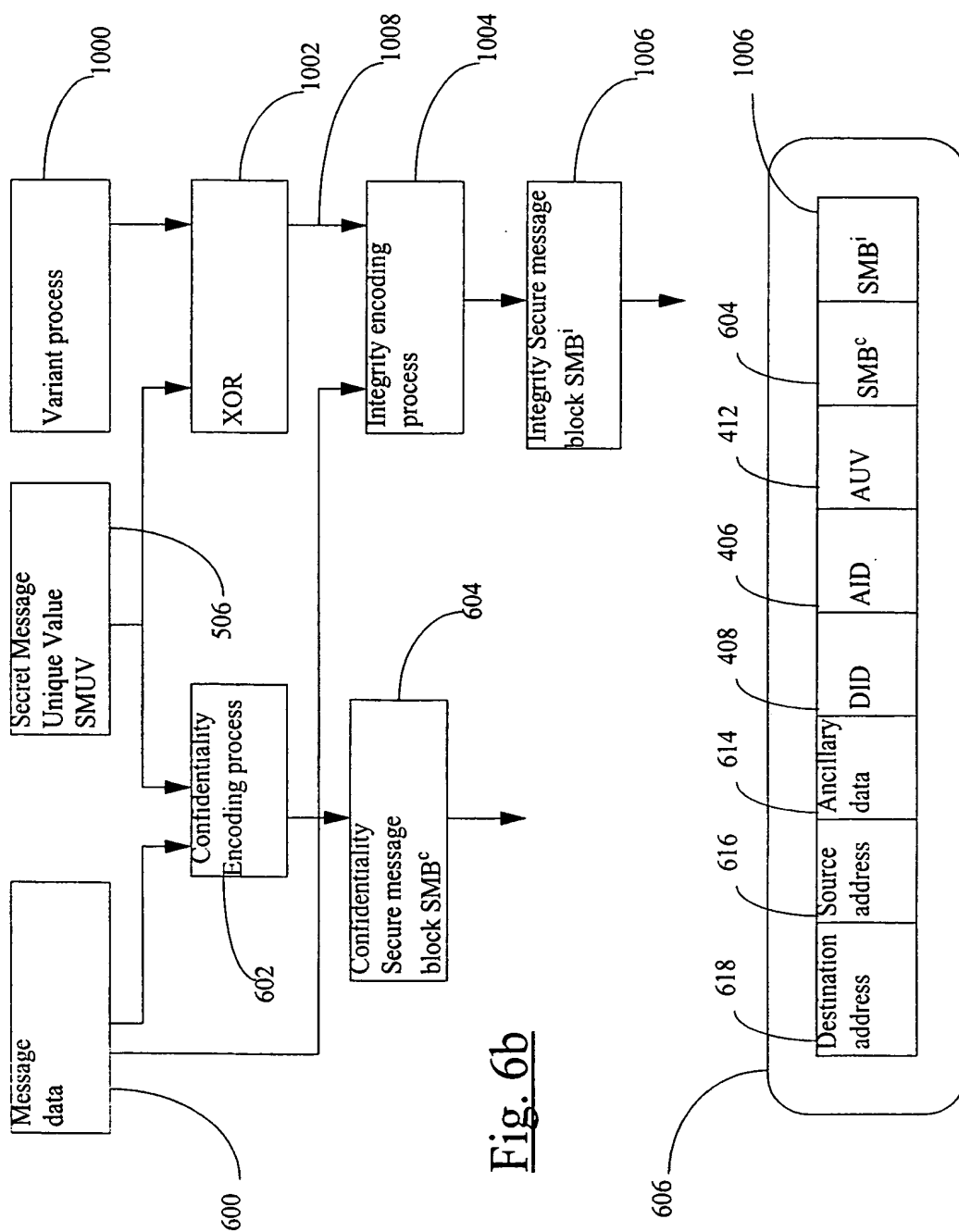
Fig. 5

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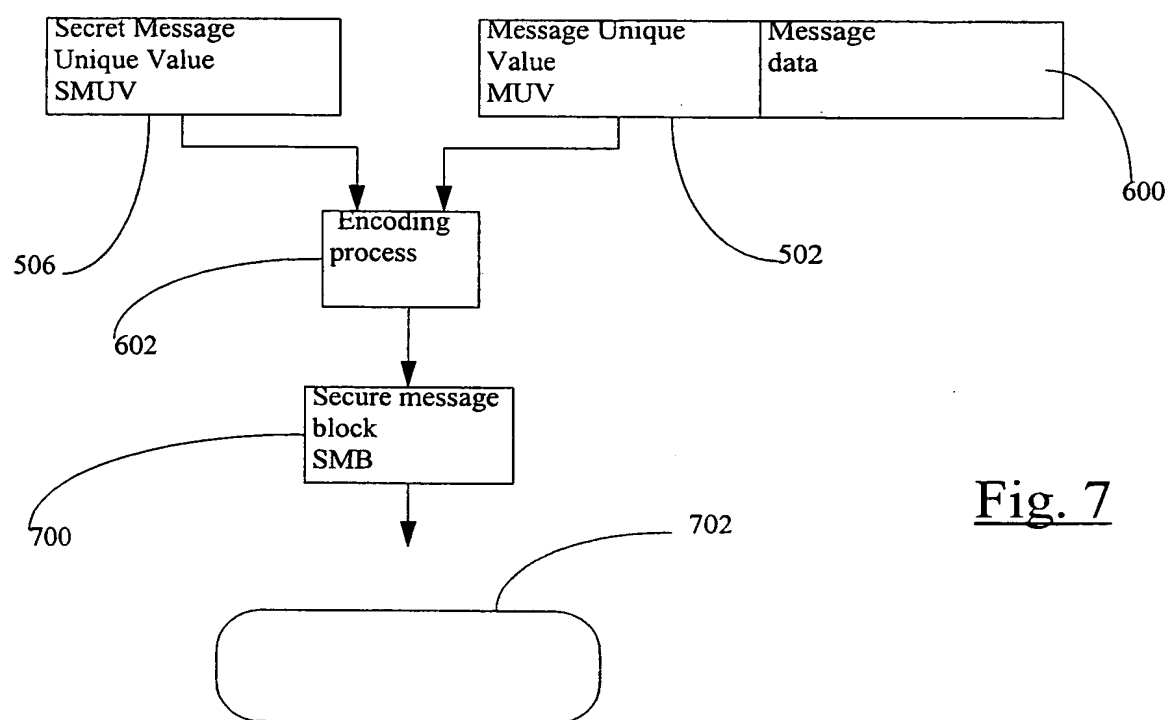


7/13

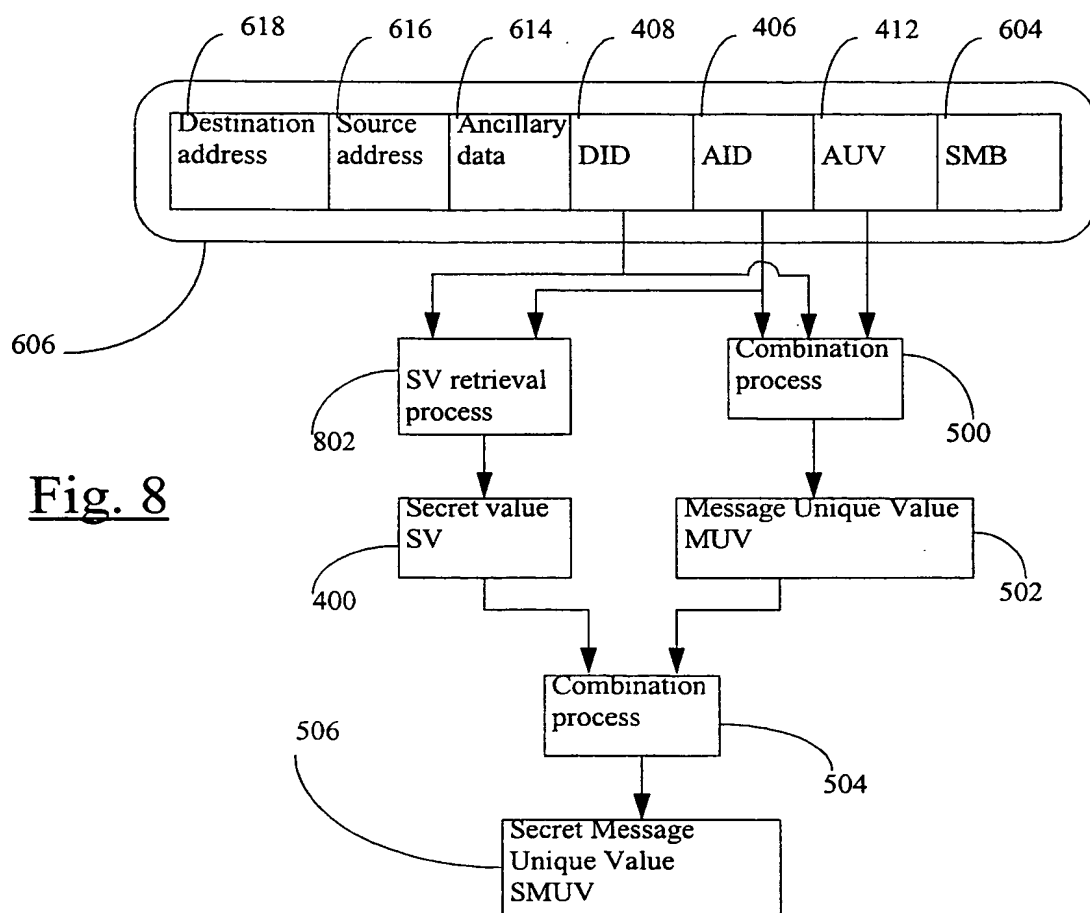




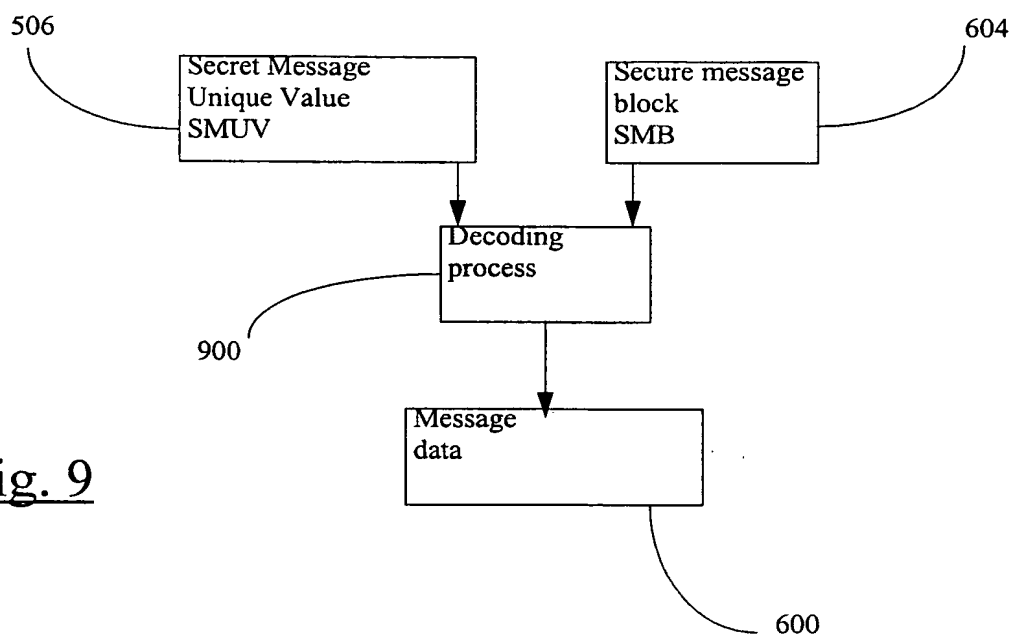
9/13

Fig. 7

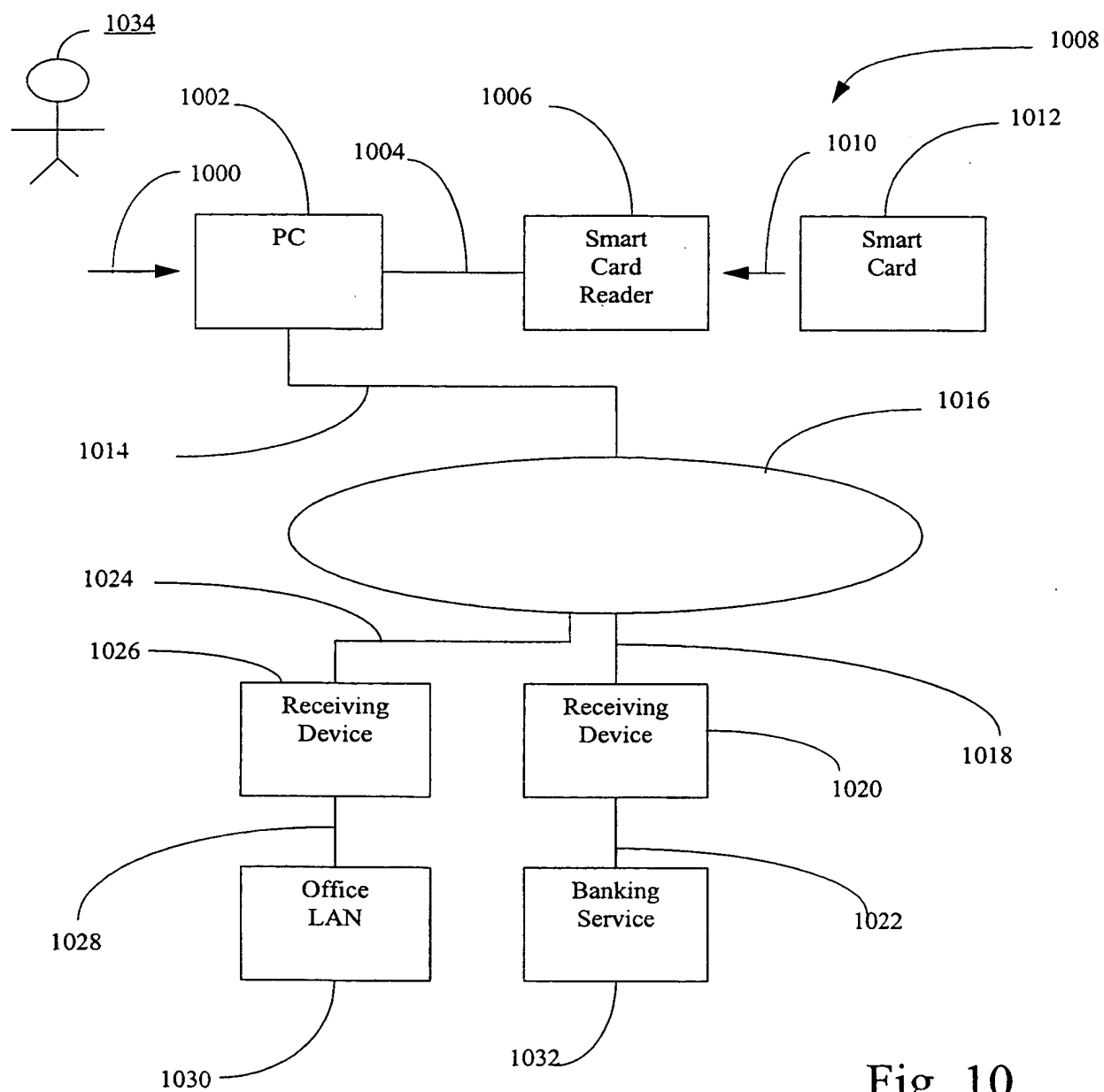
10/13



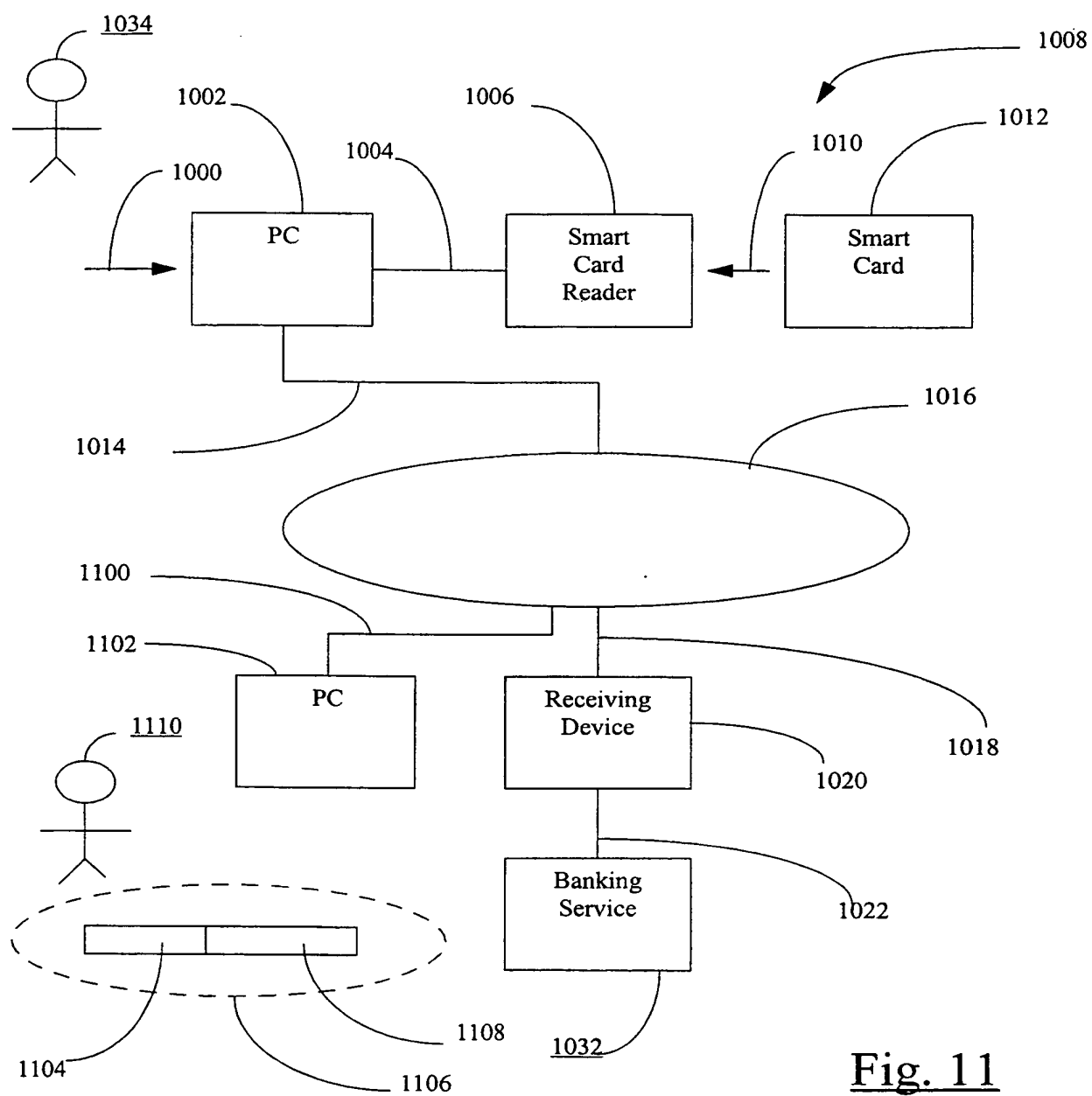
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Fig. 9

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Fig. 10

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/AU 99/01076

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTERInt Cl⁶: H04L 9/32

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC: H04, G06

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

WPAT: unique, secret, encrypt, authenticat., identity, verify, message, address, encode, decode.

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 5838812 A (PARE, Jr. et al), 17 November 1998 Whole document	1-13
A	US 5724423 A (KHELLO) 3 March 1998 Whole document	1-13
A	US 5175766 A (HAMILTON) 29 December 1992 Whole document	1-13

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C☒ See patent family annex

* Special categories of cited documents:	
"A" Document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	"&" document member of the same patent family
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	

Date of the actual completion of the international search

14 January 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

20 JAN 2000

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/AU 99/01076

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 4896319 A (LIDINSKY), 23 January 1990 Whole document	1-13

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No.
PCT/AU 99/01076

This Annex lists the known "A" publication level patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The Australian Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Patent Document Cited in Search Report				Patent Family Member			
US	5838812	US	5615277	US	5613012	US	5764789
		US	5802199	US	5805719	US	5838812
		US	5870723	AU	59226/96	BR	9608580
		CA	2221321	CN	1191027	EP	912959
		WO	9636934	AU	48023/97	WO	9815924
		AU	65624/98	WO	9841947	AU	43295/97
		WO	9809227				
US	5724423	AU	70052/96	BR	9610652	CA	2230978
		CN	1201545	EP	852044	WO	9711443
US	4896319	AU	32338/89	CA	1314955	EP	335555
		HK	433/96	JP	2013036	US	4922486
		CA	1295391	US	4897874		
END OF ANNEX							